



Biowaste4SP



Building Scientific Capacity through Turning Bio-waste into Sustainable Products (Biowaste4SP): Development of appropriate Conversion Technologies applicable in Developing Countries

BY

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- ❑ Introduction on AICAD
- ❑ Brief presentation on Biowaste4SP Project
- ❑ Science capacity building in Africa
- ❑ Acknowledgement





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About AICAD: History and Mandate

- i) The genesis of AICAD dates back in 1998 during TICAD II
- ii) One of the TICAD II resolutions was on development of human capacity for poverty reduction in Africa
- iii) Governments of Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda in partnership with the Government of Japan established AICAD on 1st August 2000
- iv) AICAD was established as the implementing organization to manage Human Capacity Development for Poverty Reduction in Africa





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AICAD Vision, Mission, Governance and Capacity

VISION: To be the leading African institution in building human capacity for poverty reduction

MISSION: To link knowledge to application within communities in order to reduce poverty in Africa

- ❑ Research and Development, Training and Extension and Information sharing and Networking

Governance: Governing Board (14 Members; Governments, Universities and Development Partners)





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AICAD Vision, Mission, Governance and Capacity
Cont'd

Number of employees: 36 at HQs and Country Offices in Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda

Subscribing member Universities: 18 public universities in Kenya (7), Tanzania (6) and Uganda (5)

Financial Support: Financed by the governments of Kenya, Tanzania, and Uganda, income generation, Development partners and member subscriptions to about US\$ 1.8millions

- ❑ It is not possible for AICAD to achieve its Mission by playing it alone
- ❑ AICAD is inviting partners to collaborate with in this noble Mission of poverty reduction in Africa.





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The Biowaste4SP Project Title: Turning Bio-waste into Sustainable Products : Development of appropriate Conversion Technologies applicable in Developing Countries

- **Acronym: Biowaste4SP**
- **Type of funding scheme: Specific International Cooperation Actions (SICA)**
- **Work Programme topics addressed: KBBE.2012.3.4-01: conversion of bio-waste in developing countries**





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Objective of Biowaste4SP Project

- To **show and demonstrate the technical roadmap** – a strategy – for efficient technological utilisation of selected significant biowaste in five African countries
 - The biowaste derived from both the industrial and agricultural sectors
 - Turning biowaste into a new resource for sustainable products.
- The Biowaste4SP Project involves **10** countries; **5** in Africa, **4** in Europe and **1** in Asia **16** Consortium Members

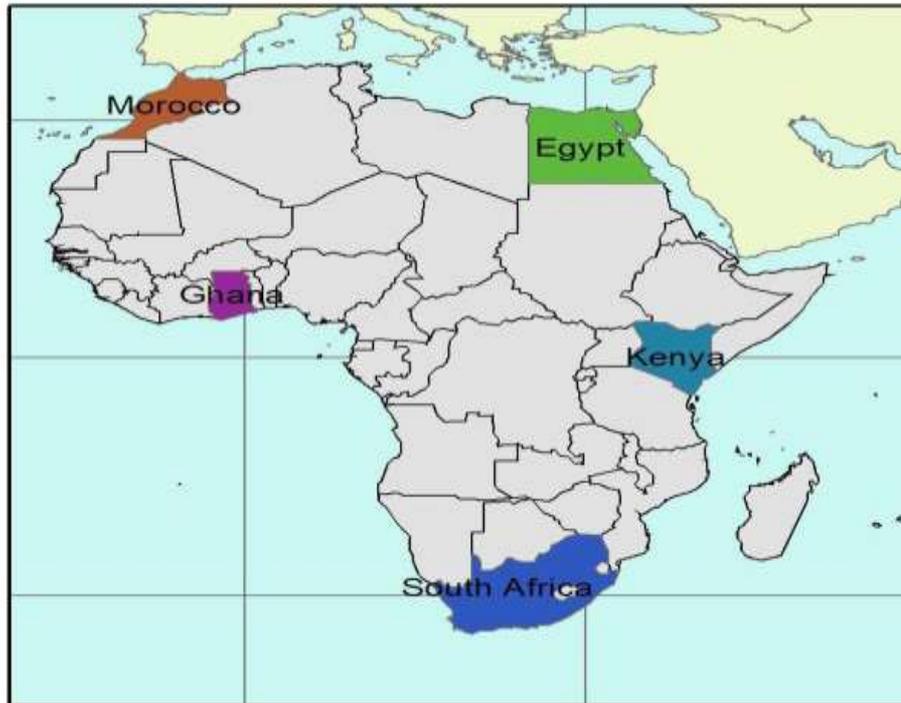




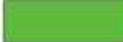
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African Countries



Country

-  Egypt
-  Ghana
-  Kenya
-  Morocco
-  South Africa



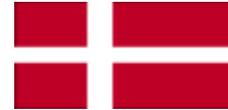


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European and Asian Countries

Denmark



Italy



Sweden



Turkey



Malaysia





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Partners in Biowaste4SP

- 1 Danish Technological Institute DTI Research Denmark
- 2 Swedish Environmental Research Institute IVL Research Sweden
- 3 TÜBİTAK Marmara Research Center TUBITAK Research Turkey
- 4 SIRIM Berhad SIRIM Research Malaysia
- 5 Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, Institute of Industrial Research (CSIR-IIR) CSIR-GH Research Ghana
- 6 Council for Scientific and Industrial Research CSIR-ZA Research South Africa
- 7 Agricultural Research Centre ARC Research Egypt
- 8 University of Siena UNISI University Italy
- 9 Hassan II Institute of Agronomy and Veterinary Medicine IAV Research Morocco





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Partners in Biowaste4SP Cont,d

- 10 Danish Technical University DTU University Denmark
- 11 EtheKwini Municipality ETM Public South Africa
- 12 Myagri Group of Companies MYAGRI SME Malaysia
- 13 BioVelop AB BV SME Sweden
- 14 Moroccan Association for Solid Waste AMADES NGO Morocco
- 15 African Institute for Capacity Development AICAD Research Kenya
- 16 World Association of Industrial and Technological research Organizations WAITRO NGO Malaysia





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Some Statistics about Africa

- ❑ Africa is the world's second largest continent, and one of the world's fastest growing markets.
- ❑ Africa is the world's second-largest and second most populous continent, after Asia: 30.2 million km² including adjacent islands, accounting for almost 15% of the World's human population with over one billion people led by Nigeria (135mil), Egypt (80mil), Ethiopia (76mil), Congo-Kinshasa (65mil) and South Africa (44mil).
- ❑ Africa covers about 5% of the earth's total surface area and 20% of the total land area and an estimated 2,000 languages spoken across the continent.





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What is Biowaste

Biowaste is :- “Animal and Vegetable wastes arising from households, commerce and food industries” (according to Eurostat).

- ❑ A significant part of biowaste in Africa is **food waste** and waste from **agriculture**.
- ❑ Food waste is a significant biowaste resource from food industries in Africa accounting for more than **20-40%** of the production.
- ❑ The causes of food waste in low-income countries are mainly connected to **financial, managerial** and **technical** limitations in harvesting techniques, poor storage and cooling facilities in difficult climatic conditions, infrastructure, packaging and marketing systems.
- ❑ Given that many smallholder farmers in developing countries live on the margins of food insecurity, a **reduction in food losses** or **better utilization of generated food waste** could have an immediate and significant impact on their livelihoods.



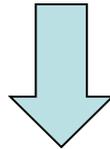


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Replacement of Fossil fuel with Biomass

- ❑ To replace **fossil fuel with renewable fuels and energy**
- ❑ To replace fossil chemicals with **biomass based chemicals and materials**



The Bio-Refinery



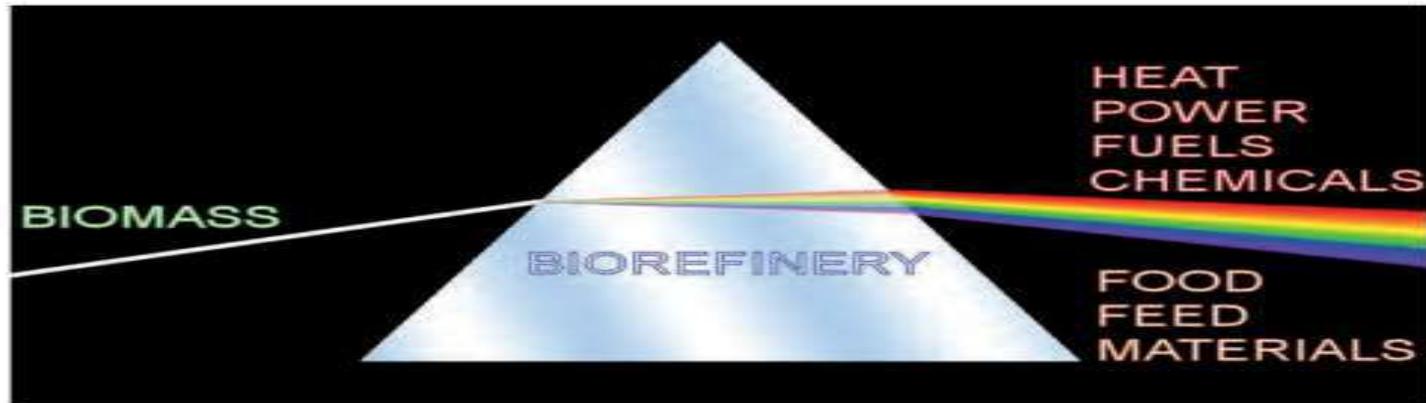


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What is Bio- refinery

- **Integrated and combined processes for the conversion of biomass into a variety of food, feed, chemicals, biomaterials, and energy – at the same time maximising the value of the biomass and minimising the secondary waste**





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knowledge on biowaste composition.

In order to utilize biowaste in the best possible way, one has to know the chemical composition:

- 1) The biowaste contents of carbohydrates for it to be considered and evaluated as potential for fermentation substrates for bio-energy carriers, chemicals, and food/feed ingredient (e.g. amino acids).
- 2) The biowaste ash contents, which are potential plant nutrients as in fertilizer and
- 3) Biowaste proteins, which are important ingredients in food and feed applications as well as fertilizer.





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Main biowaste resources in Africa

- Sugars based biowaste (industrial food waste)**
 - Banana (whole fruit) biowaste
 - Sweet potato biowaste
 - Cassava (Manioc) biowaste
 - Coffee biowaste
 - Rice bran
 - Rice straw
- Nutrient based biowaste**
 - Municipal solid waste
 - Manure
 - Rice straw
 - Cassava leaves





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Biowaste4SP Target products in Africa:

- Feed and food (protein and amino acids)
- Energy (biogas and bioethanol)
- Fertilizer (bio-fertilizer)
- Value-added products (lactic acid and health care products)

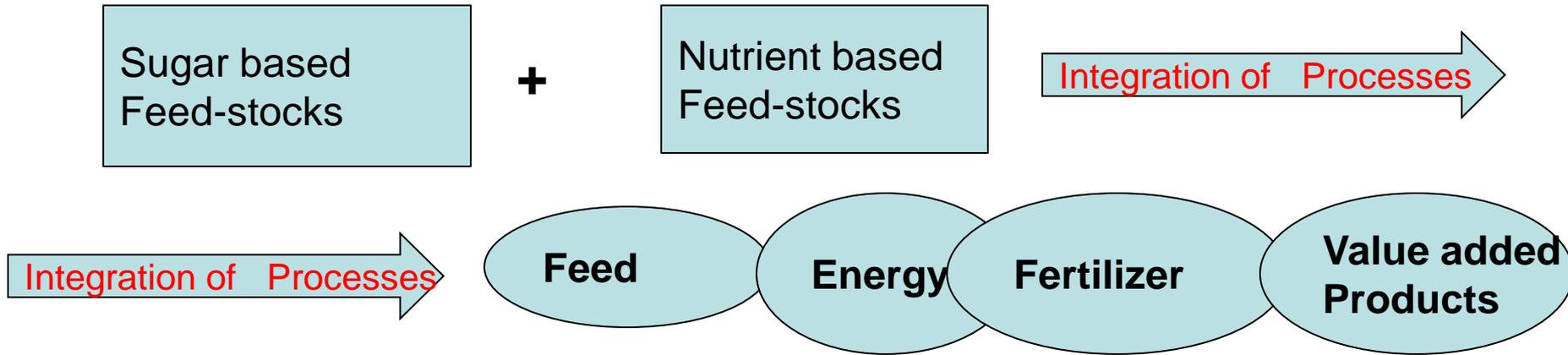




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Process integration:





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Achievements of Biowaste4SP Project

No.	Title
1	A protocol for chemical analysis of identified biomass to be used in the project
2	Methods for the selection and storage of biowaste feedstock
3	A protocol for chemical analysis of identified nutrient-based biowaste to be used in the project
4	Methods for the selection of relevant biowaste samples to be used for biogas and bio-fertilizer
5	Dissemination and Communication Strategy Document, Website, Project Database and Intranet
6	Project Operations Manual
7	Kick-off workshop
8	First Steering Committee meeting
9	Management report 1





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Achievements of Biowaste4SP Project cont'd

- ❑ Country Reports on preliminary survey of suitable biowaste streams in the five African countries.
- ❑ Detailed analysis of some of these biowaste streams is being undertaken in Denmark by three Ph.D. and one post-doc from African partners.
- ❑ The basic model for the sustainability of a bio-refinery concept using African biowaste has been developed by the University of Sienna and will be tested and implemented on selected biowaste streams in collaboration with the post-doc from AICAD
- ❑ The results of these sustainability studies will lead to various policy options that can be used by African governments.





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**THE SEVENTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME BIOWASTE4SP PROJECT KICK-OFF MEETING
HELD AT AICAD JUJA, NAIROBI KENYA, 26TH - 28TH NOVEMBER 2012.**



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Contributions of Biowaste4SP Project to Scientific capacity development in Africa

- ❑ Training of African scientists/researchers at Ph.D. Level
- ❑ By partnering with EU countries (advanced in scientific capabilities), African countries gain the opportunity to improve their standards
- ❑ Influencing policy changes in partner African countries with regards to approaches to biowaste management :-
 - Viewing biowaste as a resource
 - Viewing biowaste as a reusable resource for wide range of purposes





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Contributions of Biowaste4SP Project to Scientific capacity development in Africa Cont'd

- ❑ Creation of research and investment opportunities amongst partner countries in Europe, Asia and Africa on Biowaste management
- ❑ Bringing in to the fore the reality of diversifying partnership in solving a common challenge scientifically across Europe, Asia and Africa for better quality of life
- ❑ Putting into use the research capacity generated through application of technologies developed on biowaste management





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Contributions of Biowaste4SP Project to Scientific capacity development in Africa Cont'd

- ❑ Strengthening scientific capabilities of local partners by providing strong base on the development and retention of high-quality skills
- ❑ By partnering with EU countries (advanced in scientific capabilities), African countries gain the opportunity to improve their standards
- ❑ Influencing policy changes in partner African countries with regards to approaches to biowaste management :-
 - Viewing biowaste as a resource
 - Viewing biowaste as a reusable resource for wide range of purposes





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Contributions of Biowaste4SP Project to Scientific capacity development in Africa Cont'd

- ❑ Strengthening scientific capabilities through the infrastructures to be developed through the implementation of Biowaste4SP Project in the partners countries
- ❑ Building scientific capacity for local innovations and economic development in the partner countries through knowledge and technology dissemination
- ❑ Establishing a platform to joint approach to building scientific capabilities between funders and beneficiaries
- ❑ Improving Europe-Africa-Asia multiple partnerships and networking in research and innovation for tackling economic and social challenges





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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- ❑ Thank the ISC for the invitation to the Seminar on the Global Science Collaboration
- ❑ “The Biowaste4SP” project is supported under the 7th Framework Research Programme of the European Union under Grant number 312111”
- ❑ AICAD is grateful for the support provided by the governments of Kenya, Tanzania & Uganda and development partners which enabled the institute to implement its programmes successfully.





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AICAD: Website: <http://www.aicad-taku.or.ke>

THANK YOU

